

MUSIC's Year 1's Medium Term Plan Unit 1: Pulse and Rhythm



Lesson	Learning Objective	Success Criteria	National Curriculum Links	Vocabulary	Resources
One:	-Could the children	I can say and clap a rhythm.	-Use their voices expressively and creatively	Pulse	-Teacher skills
To use my	clap the rhythm of	, ,	by singing songs and speaking chants and	Rhythm	video: Pulse
voice and	their name, and do	I can clap in time to the	rhymes.		and rhythm
hands to	this 'in time' when it	music.	-Listen with concentration and understanding		
make music.	was their turn?		to a range of high-quality live and recorded		-Teacher
		I know what the pulse is.	music.		video: My
	-Could they clap in				name game
	time to the music?	I can sing my favourite food.			(recognising
					rhythm in a
	-Could they sing the				name)
	melody accurately?				
	J				-Teacher
	-Could they clap and				video:
	sing at the same				Favourites
	time?				song
					-percussion
	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			D 1	instruments
Two:	To clap and play in	- I can say and clap my	- Play untuned instruments musically.	Pulse	Untuned
To clap and	time to the music	name.	- Listen with concentration and	Rhythm	percussion
play in time		- I can clap in time to the	understanding to a range of high-quality		V ' C '
to the music		music.	live and recorded music.		You've Got a
with different		masic.			Friend in Me
songs		- I can sing (say) my			video
		friend's name.			
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Three:	To play simple	- I can play the rhythm of	- Use their voices expressively and	Pulse	Untuned
To clap and play rhythms	rhythms on an instrument	my own name and my friend's name.	creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and	Rhythm Melody	percussion
I J J		J. W. W. S. T. W. T. W.	rhymes.	J	Can't Stop the
			J		Feeling video

		- I can clap in time to the music I can hold the pulse	 Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. 		
Four: To look at rhythmic patterns	To listen to and repeat short rhythmic patterns.	 I can hear rhythmic patterns. I can repeat short rhythmic patterns. I can play in time to the music I can create a rhythm. 	 Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. 	Pulse Rhythm Melody	Presentations s Name Game and Animal Rhythms Happy by Pharrel Williams
Five: To create and play rhythms	To understand the difference between pulse and rhythm.	- I can play the pulse I can play a rhythm I can create a rhythm	 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. 	Pulse Rhythm Melody	instruments Name Game presentation Instruments

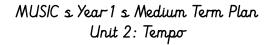
Assessment:

- Do they know the difference between pulse and rhythm?
- Can they copy a short rhythm?
- Can they play with the pulse?

Pupils with secure understanding indicated by: copying rhythms and play on the pulse.

Pupils working at greater depth indicated by: making up rhythms without a verbal stimulus (i.e. not based on words).







Lesson	Learning Objective	Success Criteria	National Curriculum Links	Vocabulary	Resources
One: Using bodies and voices to create music	To explore using voices and bodies expressively	 I can move my body in different ways when music is played. I can use my voice to start to reflect different music speeds. I can use my body to start to reflect different music speeds 	 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. 	Beat Expressive Fast Slow	Snail and Mouse presentation Audio tracks
Two: Exploring Rhymes	To practice a rhyme using fast and slow beats on instruments	 I can use my voice to say a rhyme. I can say "Ready, steady, off we go," using slow and fast beats. I can use fast and slow beats when saying a rhyme. I can use an instrument to demonstrate fast and slow beats 	 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. 	Beat Expressive Fast Slow	Presentations s. Brain Dump and Snail and Mouse Instruments
Three: To look at singing with beats and rhythm	To use voices to perform a song with a fast and slow beat	I can explore fast and slow beats.I can use a singing voice.	- Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	Singing voice Warm up	Audio tracks Recording equipment

		- I can perform a song showing fast and slow beats.	- Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.		(mobile telephone)
Four: To combine singing and instruments	To use singing voices and an instrument to perform a song with a fast and slow beat	 I can use my singing voice to sing fast and slow beats. I can use my instrument and voice to perform a song with fast and slow beats. 	 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. 	Beat Expressive Fast Slow Singing voice Warm up	Heart mat Audios Instruments
Five: To look at beats and how they can differ in speed	To demonstrate fast and slow beats within the context of a story	 I can use my singing voice to play fast and slow beats. I can use my body to play fast and slow beats. I can use my instrument to play fast and slow beats. I can sing and play at the correct time in a story. 	 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. 	Beat Expressive Fast Slow Singing voice Warm up	Presentations Audios Instruments

Assessment:

Pupils with secure understanding indicated by: demonstrating with a singing voice and instrument slow and fast beats in the appropriate place of a story.

Pupils working at greater depth indicated by: leading "Ready, steady, off we go," for the class at the correct speed, perform singing and playing without the support of the class.





MUSIC's Year 1's Medium Term Plan Unit 3: Timbre and Rhythmic Patterns

Lesson	Learning Objective	Success Criteria	National Curriculum Links	Vocabulary	Resources
One: To use voices expressively to speak and chant	Recognising and understanding the difference between pulse and rhythm	 I can join in with repeated phrases and patterns I can change my voice to represent different characters I can understand what timbre means 	Pupils to use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes'	Timbre	Character voices video Whiteboards Three Little Pigs story
Two: Playing instruments in a musical manner	To select suitable instrumental sounds to represent a character	- To select suitable instrumental sounds to represent a character - To respond to hand signals - To use one instrument to create different sounds - To choose one sound for a character from the Three Little Pigs' - To explain why I have chosen that sound	Pupils to experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music'	Timbre	Untuned instruments
Three: Playing with rhythm	To compose and play a rhythm	 I can clap syllables in words I can clap the rhythmic patterns of spoken phrases 	 play tuned and untuned instruments musically experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music' 	Rhythm Syllables Timbre	Videos Untuned instruments

Four: Responding to Music	To recognise how timbre is used to represent characters in a piece of music	I can think of my own phrases and clap the rhythm of these I can work as a group to come up with a phrase for part of the story of 'The Three Little Pigs' I can perform my rhythm whilst the story is being told using my voice and instruments I can listen with concentration to a piece of music I can notice when different timbres are used	To listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music'	Timbre Strings Timpani Oboe Clarinet Bassoon French horn Flute	Peter and the Wolf s story and video Character cut outs
Five: Keeping the Pulse	To keep the pulse using untuned instruments	 Listening and responding to other performers Using my voice expressively to join in with repeated phrases Using my instrument to represent a character from the story 	 use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes play tuned and untuned instruments musically experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music 	Pulse Rhythm	Keeping the Pulse video Percussion instruments Three Little Pigs story
		- Clapping/playing untuned percussion to the rhythm of the story			

Assessment:

Pupils with secure understanding indicated by: Chanting "I'll huff k" and by making changes to their voice to represent a character.

Pupils working at greater depth indicated by: Confidently demonstrating changes they have made to their voice for different characters.