

Geography – Reception – Medium Term Plan Unit 1: Exploring Maps



Activity	Learning Objective	EYFS Outcomes – Development Matters	Vocabulary	Resources
One: Pirate Map Bingo	To find and name familiar features on maps.	 Understanding the World Draw information from a simple map. Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live. 	 Feature Feature names Find Gentify Look Feature names Map Pirate Pirate	 Coloured pencils or felt tips. Counters and a pot or container in which to put them. Table set up with all the equipment easily accessible to encourage independent exploration.
Two: Our School from Above	To consider shapes and positions of features when making a map.	 Understanding the World Draw information from a simple map. Mathematics Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills. 	 Above Aerial Bird's eye view Feature Feature name Find Vertice Identify Look Look Aerial Look Look Aerial Look Aerial Look Aerial Look Aerial Hotograph Search 	 A selection of coloured paper shapes. Glue sticks Pencils
Three: Let's build a map!	To build and describe a model of a familiar place.	 Understanding the World Draw information from a simple map. Understand that some places are special to members of their community. 	 Bank Building Car park Car park Church Church Church School Field Town House Village Lake Mosque 	- Provide resources to enable the children to build a 3D map.
Four: Creating journey sticks	To describe a journey using found objects as prompts.	 Understanding the World Draw information from a simple map. Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. ELG: People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. 	 Direction Path Find Identify Journey Journey Look Map Objects Positional and directional language. 	 Sticks String A bag Pencils, paper and crayons A pre-prepared journey to stick.

Five:	To explore a range of	Understanding the World	-	Above	-	Identify	-	A selection of maps such as: A-Z
	maps.	- Draw information from a simple map.	-	Aerial	-	Lines		street maps, town maps, OS
Investigating			-	Bent	-	Look		maps, google map print-outs or
maps			-	Bird's eye view	-	Look down		attraction maps.
			-	Circles	-	Round	-	Highlighters, crayons and
			-	Curved	-	Search		pencils.
			-	Мар	-	Straight	-	Scissors and glue sticks.
			-	Feature	-	Stripes	-	Plain paper.
			-	Feature names	-	Wavy		
			-	Find	-	Zig zag		
Six:	To apply their	Understanding the World	-	Above	-	Feature names	-	A large, simple map drawing of
	knowledge of maps to	- Draw information from a simple map.	-	Aerial	-	Look down		your local area. You could create
Map Making	make their own.		-	Bird's eye view	-	Мар		your own or use a google map
			-	Feature	-	Place		printout.
							-	Scissors
							-	Glue sticks
							-	Pencils
							-	Crayons



Geography – Reception – Medium Term Plan Unit 2: Outdoor Adventures



Activity	Learning Objective	EYFS Outcomes – Development Matters	Vocabulary	Resources
One: Nature catchers	To use the senses to explore natural materials.	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. 	 Flower or tree names Natural objects names (e.g., leaf, flower, twig, bark, feather, seed, etc.) Senses words (e.g., smell, touch, feel, sound, look, colour, soft, hard, etc.). 	 A large plastic tray Natural resources with a variety of smells, textures and colours for the children to explore. Sheets of sticky back plastic (pre-cut A5 size) Thick paper or cardboard frames.
Two: Observational painting	To make observations of natural materials in the world	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. 	 Adjectives Colour names Look Notice Observe See 	 A bag to collect natural objects whilst walking. A display of natural, seasonal objects. A beautiful or interesting vase, bowl, tray to display objects. Additional seasonal objects you'd like the children to focus on. Poster paints, acrylics or water colours. Paint brushes of different sizes Pots of water Trays to enable colour mixing Paper Inspirational examples of observational painting.
Three: Exploring the weather	To describe the effects of different weather conditions.	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. 	 Weather adjectives – soft, hard, wet, etc. Weather words – sun, rain, wind etc. 	 Resources for exploring the following weather: Rain – shallow pots or trays, magnifying glasses, sticks, pens, paint, tape. Snow – Pipettes, paintbrushes, paint, water, pots of water and paints. Sun – Chalk, water painting resources. Wind – ribbon, sticks, bubbles.

Four: Senses in nature	To use the senses to observe and talk about experiences whilst outside.	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. 	-	Natural object names – acorn, leaf twig, etc. Senses words – look, feel, soft, hard, sour, sweet, etc.	Re - - - -	esources for exploring each of the senses: Sight – baskets or pots to collect objects, paint sample cards in natural colours. Sound – Paper, pencils, crayons, outdoor cushions, audio playback devices (optional) Touch – touch bingo cards, resources to allow the children to attach objects to their card Taste – herbs, trowels, compost, gloves, watering can. Smell – selection of herbs, selection of pots, pans, spoons and bottles, access to water.
Five: Exploring the seasons	To begin to notice some of the features of the changing seasons.	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. 	-	Autumn Spring Summer Winter Natural object names Words related to the senses and the seasons.	-	Autumn 2 large plastic trays Natural objects Magnifying glasses Tweezers Weighing scales Pots and containers Winter Sticks to make frost patterns Bubbles Spring Natural objects Pictures of natural mandalas to prompt the children as they create. Summer Clear plastic cylinders String Natural objects
Six: Dress the teddy	To begin to recognise seasonal weather conditions.	 Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. 	- - - -	Autumn Spring Summer Winter Clothes names Words related to the senses and the seasons.	-	Scissors Glue sticks Pencils



Geography – Reception – Medium Term Plan Unit 3: Around the World



Activity	Learning Objective	EYFS Outcomes – Development Matters	Vocabulary	Resources
One: Home or away?	To compare the local environment to other places around the world.	 Understanding the World Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Draw information from a simple map 	 Beach Building Church Desert Forest Hill Mountain Playground River 	 Large paper split into 2 Teddy bear Small bag, rucksack or suitcase Camera Google Earth Print online resources
Two: Bear's UK travels	To compare contrasting places within the UK.	 Understanding the World Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live. Draw information from a simple map 	 Roundabout City Countryside Farm Field Village Weather 	 Teddy bear Variety of materials in the continuous provision: Blocks, cardboard, natural materials, coloured paper, scissors, glue, crayons, paint, fabric, small figures, clay/playdough.
Three: City of Countryside?	To recognise the difference between city and countryside environments.	Understanding the World - Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live.	 Bus stop Church City Cottage Countryside Flats Lamp post Pond Post box Tractor 	 Scissors Glue sticks Link to BBC – Cities, town and villages
Four: Exploring World Landscapes	To compare different landscapes around the world.	 Understanding the World Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. 	 Desert Land Map Postcard Rainforest Trave Waterfall Weather 	 Presentation Teddy Bear Large plastic hoops (2 per group)

Five: Desert	To understand the characteristics of desert environments,	Understanding the World Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which 	- - -	Cactus Camel Desert	-	Cleo the Completely Fine Camel by Wendy Meddour or a similar book set in a hot, desert climate.
Explorers	including climate and landscape.	 they live. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. 	- - -	Explorer Palm tree Sand dune Storm	-	Props for desert role play Additional images or videos
Six:	To explore and understand life in a cold	Understanding the World - Recognise some environments that	-	Blizzard Explorer	-	Antarctica: A Continent of Wonder or a similar book set in a cold, polar climate.
Polar Explorers	place, comparing and contrasting it with our own lives.	 are different from the one in which they live. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. 	- - - -	lce Polar Scientists Snow Snowstorm	-	Props for polar role play Additional images or videos